

Clopidogrel

Film-coated tablets



Read all this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine:

\*Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.

If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

\*This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their symptoms are the same as your.

\*If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side efforce set time is the time. The same as your.

effects not listed in this leaflet.

What is in this leaflet
1. What Plavix is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Plavix
3. How to take Plavix
4. Possible side effects
5How to store Plavix
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Plavix is and what it is used for
Pharmacotherapeutic group
Plavix contains clopidogrel and belongs to a group of medicines called antiplatelet medicinal
products. Platelets are very small structures in the blood which clump together during blood
clotting. By preventing this clumping, antiplatelet medicinal products reduce the chances of
blood clots forming (a process called thrombosis).
Therapeutic indications
Plavix is taken by adults to prevent blood clots (thrombi) forming in hardened blood vessels
(sarchies), a process known as atherothrombosis, which can lead to atherothrombotic events
(such as stroke, heart attack, or death).
You have been prescribed Plavix to help prevent blood clots and reduce the risk of these severe
events because:
-You have a condition of hardening of arteries (also known as atherosclerosis), and

You have a condition of hardening of arteries (also known as atherosclerosis), and You have previously experienced a heart attack, stroke or have a condition known as peripheral

arterial disease, or

-You have experienced a severe type of chest pain known as 'unstable angina' or 'myocardial infarction' (heart attack). For the treatment of this condition your doctor may have placed a stent in the blocked or narrowed artery to restore effective blood flow. You should also be given acetylsalicylic acid (a substance present in many medicines used to relieve pain and lower fever as well as to prevent blood clotting) by your doctor.

-You have an irregular heartbeat, a condition called 'atrial fibrillation', and you cannot take medicines known as 'oral anticoagulants' (vitamin K antagonists) which prevent new clots from forming and prevent existing clots from growing. You should have been told that 'oral anticoagulants' are more effective than acetylsalicytic acid or the combined use of Plavix and acetylsalicytic acid for this condition. Your doctor should have prescribed Plavix plus acetylsalicytic acid if you cannot take 'oral anticoagulants' and you do not have a risk of major bleeding.

# 2. What you need to know before you take Plavix Contraindications

Contraindications
Do not take Plavix

If you are allergic (hypersensitive) to clopidogrel or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).

If you have a medical condition that is currently causing bleeding such as a stomach ulcer or bleeding within the brain.

If you suffer from severe liver disease.

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If you think any of these apply to you, or if you are in any doubt at all, consult your doctor before taking Plavix.

Appropriate precautions for use: special warnings

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Appropriate precautions for use; special warnings

Warnings and precautions
If any of the situations mentioned below apply to you, you should tell your doctor before taking

Plavix

If any of the situations mentioned below apply to you, you should tell your doctor before taking Plavix:

•if you have a risk of bleeding such as
•a medical condition that puts you at risk of internal bleeding (such as a stomach ulcer).

•a blood disorder that makes you prone to internal bleeding (bleeding inside any tissues, organs or joints of your body).

•a recent sorious injury.

•a recent surgery (including dental).

•a planned surgery (including dental) in the next seven days.

•if you have had a clot in an artery of your brain (ischaemic stroke) which occurred within the last seven days.

•if you have kidney or liver disease.

•if you have had an allergy or reaction to any medicine used to treat your disease.

While you are taking Plavix:

•You should tell your doctor if a surgery (including dental) is planned.

•You should tell your doctor if a surgery (including dental) is planned.

•You should also tell your doctor if only to the your develop a medical condition (also known as Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura or TTP) that includes fever and bruising under the skin that may appear as red pinpoint dots, with or without unexplained extreme tiredness, confusion, yellowing of the skin or eyes (jaundice) (see section 4 \*Possible side effects').

•If you cut or injure yourself, it may take longer than usual for bleeding to stop. This is linked to the way your medicine works as it prevents the ability of blood clots to form. For minor cuts and injuries e.g., cutting yourself, shaving, this is usually of no concern. However, if you are concerned by your bleeding, you should contact your doctor straightaway (see section 4 \*Possible side effects').

•Your doctor may order blood tests.

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Acquired haemophilia has been reported following use of clopidogrel. In cases of confirmed isolated activated Partial Thromboplastin Time (aPTT) prolongation with or without bleeding, acquired haemophilia should be considered. Patients with a confirmed diagnosis of acquired haemophilia should be managed and treated by specialists, and clopidogrel should be discontinued.

Children and adolescents

Do not give this medicine to children because it does not work.

Other medicines and Plavix

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription.

Some other medicines may influence the use of Plavix or vice versa.

You should specifically tell your doctor if you take

-oral anticoagulants, medicines used to reduce blood clotting,

-a non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicine, usually used to treat painful and/or inflammatory conditions of muscle or joints,

-a non steroidal anti-inflammatory medicine, usually used to treat painful and/or inflammatory conditions of muscle or joints,
-heparin or any other injectable medicine used to reduce blood clotting,
-omeprazole, esomeprazole or cimetidine, medicines to treat upset stomach,
-fluconazole, voriconazole, ciprofloxacin, or chloramphenicol, medicines to treat bacterial and fungal infections,
-carbamazepine, or oxcarbazepine, medicines to treat some forms of epilepsy,
-ticlopidine, other antiplatelet agent,
-a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (including but not restricted to fluoxetine or fluvoxamine), medicines usually used to treat depression,
-moclobemide, medicine to treat depression.
If you have experienced severe chest pain (unstable angina or heart attack), you may be prescribed Plavix in combination with acetylsalicylic acid, a substance present in many medicines used to relieve pain and lower fever. An occasional use of acetylsalicylic acid (no more than 1,000 mg in any 24 hour period) should generally not cause a problem, but prolonged use in other circumstances should be discussed with your doctor.

Plavix with food and drink

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Plavix with food and drink

Plavix may be taken with or without food.

PREGNANCY AND BREAST FEEDING

It is preferable not to take this product during pregnancy.

If you are pregnant or suspect that you are pregnant, you should tell your doctor or your pharmacist before taking Plavix. If you become pregnant while taking Plavix, consult your

doctor immediately as it is recommended not to take clopidogrel while you are pregnant. You should not breast feed while taking this medicine. If you are breast feeding or planning to breast feed, talk to your doctor before taking this medicine.

Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking any medicine.

DRIVING AND USING MACHINES

Plavis is unlikely to affect your ability to drive or to use machines.

Plavis contains lactose

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars (e.g. lactose), contact your doctor before taking this medicine.

Plavix contains hydrogenated castor oil

This may cause stomach upset or diarrhoea.

### 3.How to take Plavix

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Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

If you have experienced severe chest pain (unstable angina or heart attack), your doctor may give you 300 mg of Plavix (1 tablet of 300 mg or 4 tablets of 75 mg) once at the start of treatment. Then, the recommended dose is one 75 mg tablet of Plavix per day to be taken orally with or without food, and at the same time each day. You should take Plavix for as long as your doctor continues to prescribe it. If you take more Plavix than you should
Contact your doctor or the nearest hospital emergency department because of the increased risk of bleeding.

## of bleeding. If you forget to take Plavix

If you forget to take Plavix If you forget to take a dose of Plavix, but remember within 12 hours of your usual time, take your tablet straightaway and then take your next tablet at the usual time. If you forget for more than 12 hours, simply take the next single dose at the usual time. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten tablet.

For the 7, 14, 28 and 84 tablets pack sizes, you can check the day on which you last took a tablet of Plavix by referring to the calendar printed on the blister.

If you stop taking Plavix
Do not stop the treatment unless your doctor tells you so. Contact your doctor or pharmacist before stopping.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

### 4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. Contact your dector immediately if you experience: Fever, signs of infection or extreme tiredness. These may be due to rare decrease of some blood

cells.

-signs of liver problems such as yellowing of the skin and/or the eyes (jaundice), whether or not associated with bleeding which appears under the skin as red pinpoint dots and/or confusion (see section 2 'Warnings and precautions').

-swelling in the mouth or skin disorders such as rashes and itching, blisters of the skin. These may be the signs of an allergic reaction.

The most common side effect reported with Plavix is bleeding. Bleeding may occur as bleeding in the stomach or bowels, bruising, haematoma (unusual bleeding or bruising under the skin), nose bleed, blood in the urine. In a small number of cases, bleeding in the eye, inside the head, the lung of the joints has also been reported.

nose bleed, blood in the urine. In a small number of cases, bleeding in the eye, inside the head, the lung or the joints has also been reported. If you experience prolonged bleeding when taking Plavix If you cut or injure yourself, it may take longer than usual for bleeding to stop. This is linked to the way your medicine works as it prevents the ability of blood clots to form. For minor cuts and injuries e.g., cutting yourself, shaving, this is usually of no concern. However, if you are concerned by your bleeding, you should contact your doctor straightaway (see section 2 'Warnings and precautions').

Other side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):
Diarrhoea, abdominal pain, indigestion or heartburn.
Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):
Headache, stomach ulcer, vomiting, nausea, constipation, excessive gas in stomach or intestines, rashes, itching, dizziness, sensation of tingling and numbness.

Rare side effect (may affect up to 1 in 1000 people):

Vertigo.

Very rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):
Jaundice; severe abdominal pain with or without back pain; fever, breathing difficulties sometimes associated with cough; generalised allergic reactions (for example, overall sensation of heat with sudden general discomfort until fainting); swelling in the mouth; blisters of the skin; skin allergy; sore mouth (stomatitis); decrease in blood pressure; confusion; hallucinations; joint pain; muscular pain; changes in taste of food.

Reporting of side effects
If you get any side effects talk to your decrease in the parameter. This includes only possible side.

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

### 5. How to store Plavix

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KEEP OUT OF THE SIGHT AND REACH OF CHILDREN.
Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and on the blister, after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
Store between 15°C and 30°C.
Do not use this medicine if you notice any visible sign of deterioration.
Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help to protect the environment.

### 6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Plavix contains
The active substance is clopidogrel. Each tablet contains 75 mg of clopidogrel (as hydrogen

sulphate).

The other ingredients are (see section 2 'Plavix contains lactose' and 'Plavix contains hydrogenated castor oil'):

"Tablet core: mannitol (E421), hydrogenated castor oil, microcrystalline cellulose, macrogol 6000 and low-substituted hydroxypropylcellulose, "Tablet coating" lactose monohydrate (milk sugar), hypromellose (E464), triacetin (E1518), red iron oxide (E172) and titanium dioxide (E171).

-Polishing agent: carnauba wax. What Plavix looks like and contents of the pack

Plavix 75 mg film coated tablets are round, biconvex, pink, engraved on one side with the number '75' and on the other side with the number '1171'. Plavix is supplied in packs of 2 or 4 all Aluminium blisters of 14 film-coated tablets

## Manufacturer (BPI)

Dbayeh - Lebanon

Under license from Sanofi Clir SNC France

This leaflet was last revised in April 2017.

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   A medicament is a product which affects your health, and its consumption
- Council of Anh Bally Ministers

Council of Arab Health Ministers Union of Arab Pharmacists